CSc 445 — Questions about Tries and Suffix Trees Not to be submitted.

- Create a trie for the set of words S = {ab, ba, ca, caa, caaa, baaa} over the alphabet Σ = {a, b, c}.
- 2. Consider a text B, and the suffix tree T for B. Show that a word w appears as a substring in B if and only if there is a path in T from the root to some nodes, and this path corresponds to w.
- 3. Create a suffix tree for the text $B = \{abaabaaab\}$ over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$.
- 4. How would you change the structure of the trie, so that you can perform the following operations on this trie:
 - (a) Given a set $S = \{w_1 \dots w_n\}$ of words, construct the trie for S in time $O(\sum_{i=1}^n |w_i|).$
 - (b) Given a word w (not necessarily of S), find how many words in S have w as a prefix. You should be able to answer this query in time O(|w|).
- 5. Given a text B of n characters, suggest a modification of the suffix tree data structure for B, such that the following query operation could be performed. Given a query word w, report how many times w appears (as a *contiguous* substring in B. For example

$$B = "ccaaaabaaa"$$

then the query word w = c'' appears twice in B, the query word w = cc'' appears once, and w = aaa'' appears 3 times.

$$B = "ccaaaabaaaa" \quad B = "ccaaaabaaaa", "ccaaaabaaaa"$$

The preprocessing time (the time for creating the structure) is $O(n^2)$, and the space required *after* for storing the data structure is O(n).

6. Let k, n be given parameters, where $n = 2^i$ for some integer i. Suggest a set of words $S = \{w_1, \ldots, w_n\}$ over an alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, where $|w_i| \leq k$, such that the number of nodes in a trie storing S is as large as possible. What is this number ?