## CS 453 Introduction to Compilers <br> Midterm Examination <br> Spring 2015

50 minutes (maximum)

- You may use one side of one sheet ( $8.5 \times 11$ ) of paper with any notes you like.
- This exam has 8 pages, including this cover page and two mostly empty pages for extra work space. Do all your work on these exam sheets.
- Be specific and clear in your answers. If there is any question about what is being asked, then indicate the assumptions you need to make to answer the question.
- Show all your work if you wish to be considered for partial credit.

| Question | Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10 |  |
| 2 | 15 |  |
| 3 | 15 |  |
| 4 | 25 |  |
| 5 | 10 |  |
| 6 | 25 |  |

Name:

Email:

## DO NOT TURN TO NEXT PAGE TILL YOU GET PERMISSION

1. [10 points] Lexer for some keywords

We need a lexer that can handle the "for" and "forall" keywords in the Chapel programming language being developed at Cray. (a) Write a separate NFA for each of those two keywords. (b) Then connect the two separate NFAs into a single NFA without redrawing the original separate NFAs.
2. [15 points] DFA

Convert the combined NFA you created for question 1 into a DFA (deterministic finite state automata).
3. [15 points] Haskell lexer

Write a lexer in Haskell that converts a String to a list of Tokens for the "for" and "forall" tokens.
4. [25 points] Haskell lexer
(a) Assume that you have to implement syntactic analysis (a parser) for the following language:

| (1) prog | -> stmtlist EOF |
| :--- | :--- |
| (2) stmtlist | -> stmtlist stmt |
| (3) | I epsilon |
| (4) stmt | -> EAT NUM mallow |
| (5) | I SAVE NUM mallow |
| (6) mallow | -> PINK STARS |
| (7) | \| |

Assume that EAT, SAVE, NUM, PINK, BLUE, DIAMONDS, STARS, and EOF are all tokens. Show the Nullable property and FIRST and FOLLOW sets for all of the non-terminals in the above grammar. (DO NOT MODIFY THE GRAMMAR).
(b) Using the FIRST and FOLLOW sets, construct the predictive parsing table for the above grammar.
5. [10 points] LL(1)

Why is the above grammar not in $\operatorname{LL}(1)$ ? Fix the grammar so that it is in $\operatorname{LL}(1)$.
6. [25 points] Predictive Parser table (take 2)
(a) Show the Nullable property and FIRST and FOLLOW sets for all of the non-terminals in the fixed grammar from question 5. (b) Then construct the predictive parsing table.
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